#### Level 3 Project Study Plan

#### 2010 Nine-Mile Creek Environmental Monitoring

#### (1) Objectives

Nine-Mile Creek is an intensely urbanized creek in Cuyahoga County, which runs through the cities of University Heights, South Euclid, Cleveland Heights, Cleveland and Bratenahl before emptying into Lake Erie.

It is anticipated that work will begin in 2010 on the Tunnel Dewatering Pump Station (TDPS) project, which will reduce the number of overflows per year to Nine-Mile Creek. This project will provide wet weather flow relief in the existing collection system. The Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District (NEORSD) intends to conduct water chemistry sampling, biological evaluations and habitat assessments prior to the beginning of the TDPS project. General watershed monitoring will also be conducted in 2010 on Nine-Mile Creek if the NEORSD Stormwater Program is implemented.

The purpose of this study is to collect baseline data in order to assess habitat conditions and fish community along with macroinvertebrate community health on Nine-Mile Creek prior to the completion of construction activities and only when open sections of the stream allows. The results obtained from the assessments will be evaluated using the Ohio EPA's QHEI, IBI, and ICI. An examination of the individual metrics that comprise these indices, along with field sheets, will also be used in subsequent years to determine the degree of improvement resulting from this project. Water quality sampling will also be conducted during assessment activities. The results of water quality sample analyses will be compared to applicable Ohio Water Quality Standards (2009b)<sup>1</sup>.

#### (2) Point/Nonpoint Sources

Point Sources	Nonpoint Sources
Storm Sewer Outfalls	Urban Runoff
Home Sewage Treatment Systems	Spills
NEORSD-owned CSOs	Agriculture
Sanitary Sewer Overflows	

A map has been provided in Appendix A to show point sources that may be influencing the water quality at each sample location. These sources of pollution, along with the nonpoint sources listed in the table above, may be impacting the health of the fish and benthic macroinvertebrate communities. Other factors that may influence ecological conditions during the study include periods of drought and periods of precipitation.

1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Appendix I for a list of all references.

#### (3) Parameters Covered

Fish specimens will be identified to species level, counted and examined for the presence of external anomalies including deformities, eroded fins, lesions and tumors (DELTs). Quantitative fish sampling is expected to be conducted at all locations.

Macroinvertebrate community assemblages will be collected from each location and sent to a Benthic Macroinvertebrate Level 3 Qualified Data Collector (QDC) for identification and enumeration. The QDC, described in section (11), will identify the specimens to the lowest practical taxonomic level and, whenever possible, to the level of taxonomy recommended in Ohio EPA's *Biological Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life, Volume III* (1987b).

The NEORSD Macroinvertebrate Field Sheet (Appendix B) will be completed at each site during sampler retrieval. In addition, stream habitat will be measured by scoring components of the QHEI at all locations, including the substrate, instream cover, channel morphology, riparian zone and bank erosion, pool/glide and riffle/run quality and gradient.

Water chemistry samples will be collected at all sites. Appendix C lists the parameters to be tested along with the detection limits and practical quantitation limits. Field measurements for dissolved oxygen, pH, temperature, conductivity and flow will also be performed. A NEORSD Surface Water Condition Sampling Field Data Form will be completed at each site during each sample collection (Appendix D).

#### (4) Field Collection and Data Assessment Techniques

Field collections for fish will be conducted at all sites, where appropriate. Sampling will be conducted using longline electrofishing techniques and will consist of shocking all habitat types within a sampling zone, which is 0.15 kilometers in length, while moving from downstream to upstream. The stunned fish will be collected and placed into a live well for later identification.

Fish will be identified to species level, counted, and examined for the presence of external anomalies including DELTs. Fish easily identified (commonly collected from year to year) will be returned to the site from which they are collected. Subsamples of difficult-to-identify species will be brought back to the laboratory for verification by NEORSD Level 3 Fish Qualified Data Collectors (QDC) and, if necessary, sent to The Ohio State University Museum of Biological Diversity for verification by the Curator and/or Associate Curator of Fish. Voucher specimens will be collected as described in section (14). Endangered species and those too

large for preservation will not be collected as voucher specimens, but will instead be photographed. Photographed vouchers will include features that permit definitive identification of the particular species.

Fish will be preserved in 10 percent formalin in the field, soaked in tap water for 24 to 48 hours after 5 to 7 days, then transferred to solutions of 30 and 50 percent ethanol for 5 to 7 days each and, finally, to 70 percent ethanol for long-term storage. Specimens larger than six inches will be slit along the right side and then soaked in formalin for approximately 10 to 14 days before being transferred to water and solutions of 30, 50 and 70 percent ethanol. Label information will include location (description and coordinates), date, time, collectors' names and sample identification code for each specimen collected.

Macroinvertebrate sampling will be conducted using quantitative and qualitative sampling techniques. Quantitative sampling will include installation of a Hester-Dendy multi-plate artificial substrate sampler (HD) that is colonized for a sixweek period. Multiple HD samplers will be installed at one or all of the locations in case samplers are lost due to vandalism, burial, etc. Qualitative sampling will be conducted using a D-frame dip net when HD samplers are retrieved. The NEORSD Macroinvertebrate Field Sheet will be completed during each HD retrieval. Aquatic Macroinvertebrate Taxonomy (AMT)<sup>2</sup> (Ravenna, Ohio) will identify the specimens to the lowest practical taxonomic level and when the condition of the specimen allows, to the level of taxonomy recommended in Ohio EPA's (1987b) *Biological Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life, Volume III*. Voucher specimens will be collected as described in section (14). Stream flow will be measured with a Marsh-McBirney FloMate Model 2000 Portable Flow Meter when the HD samplers are installed and retrieved.

A detailed description of the sampling and analysis methods utilized in the fish community and macroinvertebrate surveys, including calculations of the IBI, and ICI, can be found in Ohio EPA's (1987a) *Biological Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life, Volumes II* and *III* (1987b).

Water chemistry sampling will be completed at all locations. Techniques used for water chemistry sampling and chemical analyses will follow the *Manual of Ohio EPA Surveillance Methods and Quality Assurance Practices* (2009). Chemical water quality samples from each site will be collected with two 4-liter disposable polyethylene cubitainers with disposable polypropylene lids and two 473-mL plastic bottles. All water quality samples will be collected as grab samples. One

<sup>-</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District Board of Trustees has approved the District to enter into a contract with AMT, however at the time of this writing the contract has not been fully executed. An amended study plan will be submitted if is the District is unable to enter into a contract with AMT and must contract this service with another vendor.

duplicate sample and one field blank will be collected at a randomly selected site, at the frequency not less than 10% of the total samples collected, for this study plan. The acceptable relative percent difference (RPD) for field duplicate samples will be ≤30 percent; results outside this range will trigger further evaluation along with an investigation into causes for disparities. RPD values above 30 percent, with results less then ten times the practical quantitation limit, will be reviewed on a case-by-case base to determine if there is any merit for further investigation. Acid preservation of the samples, as specified in the NEORSD laboratory's standard operating procedure for each parameter, will occur in the field. Appendix C lists the analytical method, detection limit and practical quantitation limit for each parameter analyzed. Field analyses include the use of either a YSI-556 MPS Multi-Parameter Water Quality Meter or YSI 600XL sonde to measure dissolved oxygen, water temperature, conductivity and pH; and when necessary, a Hanna HI 98129 meter to measure pH. Meter specifications have been included in Appendix E.

The QHEI, as described in Ohio EPA's, *Methods for Assessing Habitat in Flowing Waters: Using the Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index (QHEI)* (2006) will be used to assess aquatic habitat conditions at each sample location by Level 3 QDCs.

Species assemblages and individual metrics will be analyzed. Graphs that show current QHEI, IBI, and ICI scores and how these scores compare to attainment status of biocriteria may be prepared. Water chemistry data collected will be compared to Ohio water quality standards to determine whether any excursions from the applicable water quality criteria have occurred. Comparisons between water quality and biological community health will only be made if at least three water quality samples have been collected from a particular site.

#### (5) Sampling Locations

The following electrofishing and macroinvertebrate sample locations will be surveyed on Nine-Mile Creek during the 2010 field season. HD and water chemistry collection sites are located near the mid point of each electrofishing zone, indicated by river mile, unless otherwise noted. GPS coordinates are recorded at the downstream end of each electrofishing zone.

Site Location	Latitude	Longitude	River Mile	Description	Quadrangle	Purpose
Nine-Mile Creek	41.5574565	81.59912283	0.40	Upstream of Lakeshore Boulevard	East Cleveland	Evaluate water chemistry, fish, habitat and macroinvertebrates
Nine-Mile Creek, Nela Park Branch (Site 9)	41.54290983	81.55521750	N/A	South of Belvoir Boulevard on Nela Park Branch	East Cleveland	Evaluate water chemistry, fish, habitat and macroinvertebrates
Nine-Mile Creek (Site 10)	41.54572967	81.55228433	N/A	South of Belvoir Boulevard	East Cleveland	Evaluate water chemistry, fish, habitat and macroinvertebrates

#### (6) Schedule

At least one electrofishing survey per site will be conducted between June 15 and October 15<sup>th</sup>, 2010. If more than one survey will be conducted, then at least four to five weeks will separate assessments. Specific dates have not been scheduled. River flow and weather conditions will be assessed weekly to determine when each electrofishing pass will be conducted.

Artificial substrate samplers will be installed once, between June 15<sup>th</sup> and August 19<sup>th</sup>, 2010, at all of the sites and retrieved six weeks later. Specific dates have not been scheduled. River flow and weather conditions will be assessed weekly to determine when the HD sampler installations and retrievals will be conducted.

General watershed monitoring will be conducted on Nine-Mile Creek if the NEORSD Stormwater Program is implemented. Water quality samples will be collected on Nine-Mile Creek (3 sites) on the first Wednesday of each month. Beginning at an undetermined date during the biological field season, June 15<sup>th</sup> to October 15<sup>th</sup>, water quality samples will be collected weekly for a period of five weeks at all of the sampling locations during the HD colonization period. After that period, water chemistry samples will again be collected on the first Wednesday of each month.

QHEI habitat evaluations will be conducted one time at each site between June 15<sup>th</sup> and October 15<sup>th</sup>, 2010. These evaluations will be conducted around the same time as one of the electrofishing surveys.

#### (7) QA/QC

Quality assurance and quality control of sampling and analysis methods for habitat, fish, and macroinvertebrate evaluations will follow Ohio EPA's *Biological Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life, Volumes II* (1987a) and *III* (1987b) and *Methods for Assessing Habitat in Flowing Waters: Using the Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index (QHEI)* (2006).

Electrofishing equipment will be used according to the guidelines listed in the operation and maintenance manual provided by Smith-Root, Inc. Malfunctioning equipment will not be used to collect data. Proper steps will be taken to correct the problem as soon as possible, whether by repairing in the field, at the NEORSD Environmental & Maintenance Services Center, or by contacting the supplier or an appropriate service company.

Subsamples of difficult-to-identify fish species will be brought back to the laboratory for verification by NEORD Level 3 Fish Qualified Data Collectors (QDC), and if necessary, sent to The Ohio State University Museum of Biological Diversity for verification by the Curator and/or Associate Curator of Fish. Voucher specimens will be collected as described in section (14). Endangered species and those too large for preservation will not be collected as voucher specimens, but will instead be photographed. Photographed vouchers will include features that permit definitive identification of that particular species.

All macroinvertebrate community assemblages will be collected and sent to AMT for identification and enumeration. AMT will identify specimens to the lowest practical taxonomic level and when the condition of the specimen allows, to the level of taxonomy recommended in Ohio EPA's (1987b) *Biological Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life, Volume III.* The AMT QA/QC manual is attached (Appendix F). All macroinvertebrate specimens will be returned to NEORSD. Voucher specimens for each site will be separated into individual vials and collected as described in section (14). The remaining specimens for each site will be returned in a single container labeled with the site number, collection method and date. All specimens and accompanying chain-of-custody documentation will be retained by NEORSD and stored at the Environmental & Maintenance Services Center (EMSC) for a period not less than ten years.

Water samples obtained for chemical analyses will be collected, preserved (see Section 4), labeled and then placed on ice inside the field truck. The field truck will remain locked at all times when not occupied/visible. Sampling activities, including sample time and condition of surface water sampled, will be entered in a field log book and on the Surface Water Condition Sampling Field Data Form. The samples will then be delivered immediately to the NEORSD Analytical Services cooler, after which the door to the cooler will be locked and the samples will be transferred to the custody of Analytical Services. The NEORSD Analytical Services Quality Manual and associated Standard Operating Procedures are on file with Ohio EPA. The Quality Assurance Officer at Analytical Services will send updates, revisions and any information on document control to Ohio EPA as needed.

#### (8) Work Products

Within one year of completion of the project, fish data (species, numbers, pollution tolerances, the incidence of DELT anomalies, IBI and scores), macroinvertebrate data (types and numbers of macroinvertebrates collected and ICI scores), habitat data (QHEI raw data and scores) and water chemistry results will be submitted to the Ohio EPA. Additionally, reports summarizing, interpreting, graphically presenting and discussing the IBI, ICI and QHEI scores and any excursions from water quality standards may be prepared for internal use.

#### (9) Qualified Data Collectors

The following Level 3 QDCs may be involved with these studies:

Name	Address	Email Address	Phone Number	QDC Specialty(s)
<sup>1</sup> John W. Rhoades	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	rhoadesj@neorsd.org	216-641-6000	QDC - 008 CWQA/FCB/SHA/ BMB
Catherine Zamborsky	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	zamborskyc@neorsd.org	216-641-6000	QDC - 009 CWQA/SHA
<sup>2,3</sup> Seth Hothem	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	hothems@neorsd.org	216-641-6000	QDC - 010 CWQA/FCB/SHA
Kathryn Crestani	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	crestanik@neorsd.org	216-641-6000	QDC - 011 CWQA/SHA
Thomas Zablotny	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	zablotnyt@neorsd.org	216-641-6000	QDC - 018 CWQA/FCB/SHA
<sup>4,6</sup> Ronald Maichle	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	maichler@neorsd.org	216-641-6000	QDC - 145 CWQA/SHA/BMB
Francisco Rivera	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	riveraf@neorsd.org	216-641-6000	QDC - 262 CWQA
<sup>5</sup> Tiffany Moore	Aquatic Macroinvertebrate Taxonomy (AMT) 8927 Weaver Road Ravenna, Ohio 44266	tiffany@digitaldesignmedia.com	847-945-8010	QDC - 017 BMB
<sup>1</sup> Lead Project Manager		<sup>4</sup> Benthic Macroinvertebrate Biolog		Manager
	gy (FCB) Project Manager	<sup>5</sup> Benthic Macroinvertebrate Identi		
<sup>3</sup> Stream Habitat Assessi	nent (SHA) Project Manager	<sup>6</sup> Chemical Water Quality Assessm	ent (CWQA) Proj	ject Manager

The following is a list of persons not qualified as QDCs who may be involved in the project. Prior to the start of sampling, the project managers will explain to each individual the proper methods for sampling. Sampling will only be completed under the direct observation of a QDC. The lead project manager will be responsible for reviewing all reports and data analysis prepared by qualified personnel prior to completion.

			Phone
Name	Address	Email Address	Number
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Nick Barille	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	Barillen@neorsd.org	216-641-6000
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Joseph Broz	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	Brozj@neorsd.org	216-641-6000
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Tim Dobriansky	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	Dobrianskyt@neorsd.org	216-641-6000

			Phone
Name	Address	Email Address	Number
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Kyle Frantz	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	Frantzk@neorsd.org	216-641-6000
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Kristina Granlund	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	Granlundk@neorsd.org	216-641-6000
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Rae Grant	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	Grantr@neorsd.org	216-641-6000
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Eric Hinton	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	Hintone@neorsd.org	216-641-6000
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
John Junkin	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	Junkinj@neorsd.org	216-641-6000
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Mark Matteson	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	Mattesonm@neorsd.org	216-641-6001
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Jillian Novak	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	Novakj@neorsd.org	216-641-6000
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Cathy O'Grady	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	Ogradyc@neorsd.org	216-641-6000
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Kevin Roff	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	Roffk@neorsd.org	216-641-6000
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Frank Schuschu	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	Schuschuf@neorsd.org	216-641-6000
Wolfram von	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Kiparski	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	Vonkiparskiw@neorsd.org	216-641-6000
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Summer Co-op	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	To Be Determined	216-641-6000
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Summer Co-op	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	To Be Determined	216-641-6000
	4747 East 49 <sup>th</sup> Street		
Summer Co-op	Cuyahoga Hts., Ohio 44125	To Be Determined	216-641-6000

(10) Documentation of approval of project managers and other personnel as level 3 qualified data collectors

See attached (Appendix G).

#### (11) Contract laboratory contact information

Any fish that are not positively identified in the field or NEORSD laboratory will be sent to The Ohio State University Museum of Biological Diversity for verification by the Curator and/or Associate Curator of Fish. Fish will be identified to the species level.

The Ohio State University Museum of Biological Diversity
Dr. Ted Cavender, Curator of Fish / Mr. Marc Kibbey, Associate Curator of Fish
1315 Kinnear Road, Columbus, Ohio 43212
<a href="mailto:cavender.1@osu.edu">cavender.1@osu.edu</a> / <a href="mailto:kibbey.3@osu.edu">kibbey.3@osu.edu</a>
(614) 292-7873

Identification of macroinvertebrates will be completed by AMT (Ravenna, Ohio). Benthic macroinvertebrates will be identified to the lowest practical level as

recommended in Ohio EPA's (1987b) Biological Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life, Volume III.

Tiffany Moore (QDC# 017) AMT 8927 Weaver Road Ravenna, Ohio 44266 tiffany@digitaldesignmedia.com (330) 626-2310

(12) Copy of Ohio Division of Natural Resources (ODNR) collector's permit

To be submitted electronically when issued to NEORSD by ODNR (Appendix H).

Twenty-four hours prior to biological collection, the county ODNR wildlife officer will be contacted by a NEORSD QDC. See table below for contact information for ODNR Wildlife Officers by county. A message may be left instructing: type of sampling, location of sampling, and duration.

County	<b>Contact Person</b>	<b>Phone Number</b>
Cuyahoga County	Hollie J. Fluharty	(330) 245-3033

The most current wildlife officer contact information should always be checked at the following web address:

http://www.dnr.state.oh.us/Home/wild\_resourcessubhomepage/about\_the\_division\_landingpage/contactdefault/WildlifeOfficersbyCounty/tabid/7004/Default.aspx

#### (13) Catalog Statement

A digital photo catalog of all sampling locations will be maintained for 10 years and will include photos of the specific sampling location(s), the riparian zone adjacent to the sampling location(s) and the general land use in the immediate vicinity of the sampling location(s).

Print/Signature:	John W. Rhoades /	Date:	

#### (14) Voucher Specimen Statement

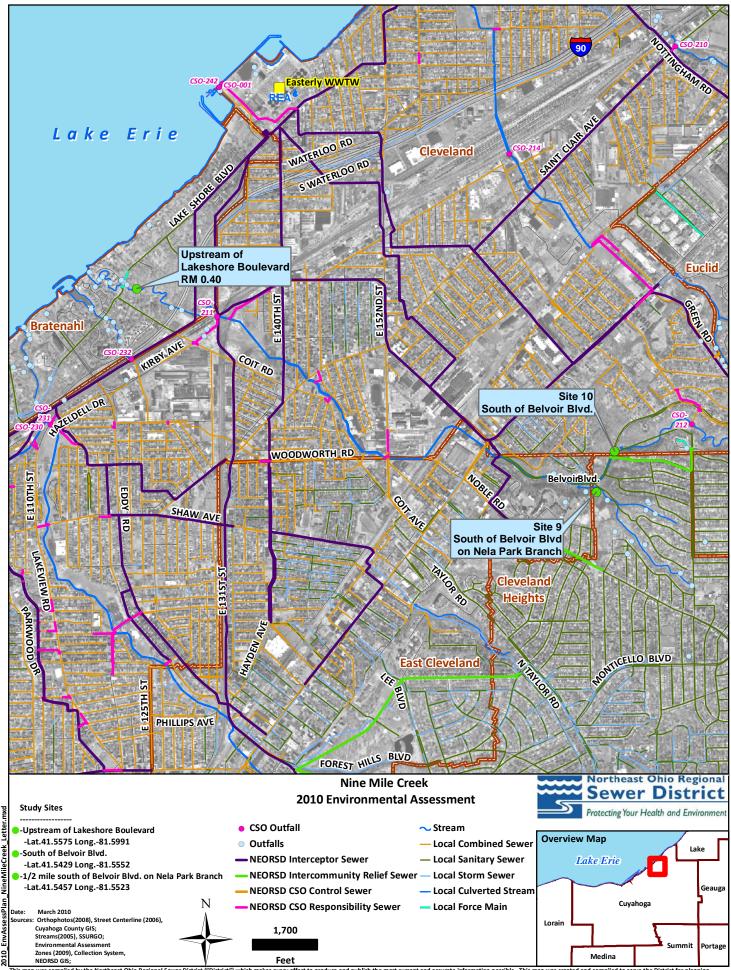
NEORSD will maintain a benthic macroinvertebrate and fish voucher collection which includes two specimens, or appropriate photo vouchers, of each species or taxa collected during the course of biological sampling from any stream. When benthic macroinvertebrates from multiple surface waters are collected within the

same year and identified by the same QDC, one voucher collection will be created to represent the specimens collected from those streams. When fish specimens from multiple surface waters are collected within the same year, one voucher collection will be created to represent the specimens collected from those streams. A separate collection for each sampling event will not be maintained.

NEORSD will provide specimens or photo vouchers to the Director upon request. This collection will be stored at the NEORSD laboratory in the Environmental and Maintenance Services Center.

Print/Signature:	John W. Rhoades /	Date:
(15) Trespassing	g Statement	
I have not be the Revised	peen convicted or pleaded guilty to a Violation of I Code (criminal trespass) or a substantially similar within the previous five years.	
Print/Signature:	John W. Rhoades /	Date:
Print/Signature:	Cathy Zamborsky /	Date:
Print/Signature:	Seth Hothem /	Date:
Print/Signature:	Kathryn Crestani /	Date:
Print/Signature:	Tom Zablotny /	Date:
Print/Signature:	Ron Maichle /	Date:
Print/Signature:	Francisco Rivera /	Date:

## Appendix A



## Appendix B

#### **NEORSD Macroinvertebrate Field Sheet**

Su'eam.						
Location Descripti	ion:		Proje	ct:		
		tiente v	med for			300
Latitude (°N)/Long	gitude (°W):	rentic)	instruduti			14
		Hester-Dendy	Deployment	Information		
Install Date:	(0)))(1)	nig n.	Crew Initi	als (QDC Cir	cled):	Lycen
Current at HD (fps	8):	Depth (cm	n):		Pictures Obtained:	Yes No
Reinstall Date:	acut unch		Crew Initi	als (ODC Cir	cled):	
Current (fps):	Depth	(cm):	R	Reason:		811
Reinstall Date:			Crew Initi	als (ODC Cir	cled):	
	Denth	(cm).	Crew miti	gescon.		
ourrent (ips).	Дерин	temp.		ccason.		-100
			Retrieval Info			
Sampling Method:	Hester-De	ndy Dipne	et Surbe	r Grab	Other:	ST-1
Sampling Date:		(	rew Initials ((	ODC Circled)	):	
-	THIS IS NOT THE PARTY OF THE PA		New Illians (	QDC Cheled)	·	Ul AND I
						°F / °C
HD Condition-	Current (fps):	Depth	n (cm):	1	Water Temp:	1/ 0
	Current (fps):  Number of HD Block	cks Obtained:		Remar	ks:	
	Number of HD Block	cks Obtained:		Remar	ks:	
	Number of HD Blood Disturbed: Y	cks Obtained:	Comments:	Remar	Water Temp:ks:	
apati - K tye il - et adend	Number of HD Bloc Disturbed: Y Debris: Y	cks Obtained:  Yes No Control	Comments: _	Remar	ks:	
ment of the Book attends	Number of HD Bloo Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N	cks Obtained:  Tes No C  Tes No C  Tone Slight	Comments:Comments:t Mode	Remar	ks:	Minchie wood
Dipnet-	Number of HD Blood Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N Time Sampled (min	cks Obtained:  Tes No C  Tes No C  Tone Slight  C: Construction of the Construction of	Comments:Comments:t	Remar	Heavy  Total (min):	Clinchie von
Dipnet-	Number of HD Blood Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N Time Sampled (min	cks Obtained:  Tes No C  Tes No C  Tone Slight  C: Construction of the Construction of	Comments:Comments:t	Remar	ks:	Clinchie von
Dipnet-	Number of HD Blood Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N Time Sampled (min	cks Obtained:  Tes No C	Comments: Comments: t	Remar	Heavy  Total (min):	eer
Dipnet-	Number of HD Bloc Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N Time Sampled (min Habitats Sampled:	cks Obtained:  Tes No C	Comments:Comments:Comments: Mode  X Number of Riffle R	Remar  Prate I  f Crew:  Cun N  #:	Heavy  Total (min): Margin Backwat  Date:	eer
Dipnet-	Number of HD Bloc Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N Time Sampled (min Habitats Sampled:	cks Obtained:  Tes No C  T	Comments:	Remar  Prate H  Crew:  Cun N  #:  #:	Heavy  = Total (min): Margin Backwat  Date:	eer
Dipnet- Samples Analyzed Flow Condition:	Number of HD Bloc Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N Time Sampled (min Habitats Sampled: d By:  Flood	cks Obtained:  Tes No Cores No Cores No Cores Slight  Pool R  River Sa  Above Normal	Comments: Comments: t	Remar  Frate F  Crew:  Kun N  #:  ditions  al Low	Heavy  = Total (min): Margin Backwat  Date:  Interstitial Inte	eer
Dipnet- Samples Analyzed Flow Condition: Current Velocity:	Number of HD Bloc Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N Time Sampled (min Habitats Sampled: d By:  Flood Fast	cks Obtained:  Tes No C Tes No	Comments: Comments: Comments: Mode  X Number of Riffle R  QDC  Ampling Cond  Norm Slow	Remar  Frate H  Crew:  Cun N  #:  ditions  al Low  Non-detect	Heavy  Total (min): Margin Backwate  Date:  Interstitial Interst	eer
Dipnet- Samples Analyzed Flow Condition: Current Velocity: Channel Morpholo	Number of HD Bloc Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N Time Sampled (min Habitats Sampled:  d By:  Flood Fast ogy: Natural	cks Obtained:  Tes No Company	Comments:	Remar	Heavy  = Total (min): Margin Backwat  Date:  Interstitial Inte	eer
Dipnet- Samples Analyzed Flow Condition: Current Velocity: Channel Morpholo Bank Erosion:	Number of HD Blood Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N Time Sampled (min Habitats Sampled:  d By:  Flood Fast ogy: Natural Extensive	cks Obtained:  Tes No Company Tes No	Comments: Comments: t	Remar	Heavy  Total (min): Margin Backwate  Date:  Interstitial Interst	eer
Dipnet- Samples Analyzed Flow Condition: Current Velocity: Channel Morpholo Bank Erosion: Riffle Developmen	Number of HD Blood Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N Time Sampled (min Habitats Sampled:  d By:  Flood Fast ogy: Natural Extensive	cks Obtained:  Tes No Company	Comments:	Remar	Heavy  = Total (min): Margin Backwat  Date:  Interstitial Intert  at d) Impounded	eer
Dipnet- Samples Analyzed Flow Condition: Current Velocity: Channel Morpholo Bank Erosion: Riffle Development Riffle Quality:	Number of HD Bloc Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N Time Sampled (min Habitats Sampled:  d By:  Flood Fast ogy: Natural Extensive at: Extensive	cks Obtained: Tes No Cores No Cores No Cores Slight  Pool R  River Sa Above Normal Moderate Channelized Moderate Moderate Moderate	Comments: Comments: t	Remar	Heavy  Total (min): Margin Backwate  Date:  Interstitial Interst	ermittent
Dipnet- Samples Analyzed Flow Condition: Current Velocity: Channel Morpholo Bank Erosion: Riffle Development Riffle Quality: Water Clarity:	Number of HD Bloc Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N  Time Sampled (min Habitats Sampled:  d By:  Flood Fast ogy: Natural Extensive Good	cks Obtained:  Tes No Cores No Cores No Cores No Cores Slight  Pool Research Rever Sar Above Normal Moderate Channelized Moderate Moderate Fair	Comments:Commen	Remar	Heavy  = Total (min): Margin Backwate  Date:  Interstitial Intert  at d) Impounded  Embedded:	ermittent
Dipnet-	Number of HD Bloc Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N Time Sampled (min Habitats Sampled:  d By:  Flood Fast ogy: Natural Extensive at: Extensive Good Clear	cks Obtained:  Tes No Come Slight  Come Slight  River San Above Normal Moderate Channelized Moderate Moderate Fair Murky	Comments:	Remar	Heavy  = Total (min): Margin Backwat  Date:  Interstitial Intert  at d) Impounded  Embedded: Other:	ermittent
Dipnet- Samples Analyzed Flow Condition: Current Velocity: Channel Morpholo Bank Erosion: Riffle Development Riffle Quality: Water Clarity: Water Color: Canopy:	Number of HD Bloc Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N Time Sampled (min Habitats Sampled:  Habitats Sampled:  Flood Fast Degy: Natural Extensive Good Clear None Open	cks Obtained:  Tes No Composition of the Compositio	Comments:Commen	Remar	Heavy  = Total (min): Margin Backwat  Date:  Interstitial Interstit d) Impounded  Embedded: Other: Other:	ermittent
Dipnet- Samples Analyzed Flow Condition: Current Velocity: Channel Morpholo Bank Erosion: Riffle Development Riffle Quality: Water Clarity: Water Color:	Number of HD Bloc Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N Time Sampled (min Habitats Sampled:  Habitats Sampled:  Flood Fast Degy: Natural Extensive Good Clear None Open	cks Obtained:  Tes No Composition of the Compositio	Comments:Commen	Remar	Heavy  = Total (min): Margin Backwat  Date:  Interstitial Interstit d) Impounded  Embedded: Other: Other:	ermittent
Dipnet- Samples Analyzed Flow Condition: Current Velocity: Channel Morpholo Bank Erosion: Riffle Development Riffle Quality: Water Clarity: Water Color: Canopy:	Number of HD Bloc Disturbed: Y Debris: Y Silt/Solids: N Time Sampled (min Habitats Sampled:  Habitats Sampled:  Flood Fast Degy: Natural Extensive Good Clear None Open	cks Obtained:  Tes No Composition of the Compositio	Comments:Commen	Remar	Heavy  = Total (min): Margin Backwat  Date:  Interstitial Interstit d) Impounded  Embedded: Other: Other:	ermittent

#### Physical Characteristics

							-	and Use (Left	0	
	70		le		п		Forest	Urban		Open Pasture
	Pool	Units	Riffle	Units	Run	Units	Shrub Old Field	Residential/ Mining/Con		Closed Pasture
Bedrock							Rowcrop	Wetland		
Boulder							Industrial	Other		
Rubble										
Coarse Gravel						were the Conf	Predominant Ri	parian Veget	tation	
Fine Gravel						AGIOTA III		Right	Туре	
Sand								(Ifrema)	Large T	rees
Silt									Small T	
Clay/Hardpan							rimi war t		Shrubs	
Detritus						11100110		Simple	Grass/V	Veeds
Peat					l				None	
Muck	$\vdash$					office she	idel cort		1,0110	
Other							Margin Habitat			. Odoreni
Macrophytes							Margin Quality:	Good	Fair	Poor
Algae			-				Undercut Ba		Root Mats	1 001
Artifacts	$\vdash$		$\vdash$		-		Grass	uiks	Water Willo	W.
Compaction (F,M,S)	$\vdash$		$\vdash$		12.510		Shallows		Caly/Hardpa	
Depth (Avg)	$\vdash$						Rip Rap		Bulkhead	
	-					11 -1 -1-150	Other		Buikileau	
Width (Avg)	Ш		Ш		L		Other			
	anism	ıs:				Diolo	gical Characteris	V= Very Abu		nt; C= Common; R= Rare; N= No
Riffle: Predominant Org Other Common O						Biolo	gicai Characteris		ount	
Predominant Org Other Common C	rgani			oder	ate	514	Commission (Commission)	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	ount Porifera, Cnic	laria, Bryozoa
Predominant Org Other Common C Density:	rgani High		Me	oder		Low	Commission (Commission)	Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C	daria, Bryozoa Digochaeta, Hirudinea
Predominant Org Other Common O Density:	rgani		Me	oder		Low	Commission (Commission)	Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp	daria, Bryozoa Digochaeta, Hirudinea Dhipoda
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:	rgani High		Me			Low	Commission (Commission)	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy	daria, Bryozoa Digochaeta, Hirudinea Dhipoda Varacarina
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:	organi High High	isms	Me			Low	Commission (Commission)	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea Ohipoda Odracarina Ta
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org	Organi High High anism	isms	Me Me			Low	Commission (Commission)	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea Ohipoda Odracarina Ta
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C	Organi High High anism	isms	Me Me	oder	ate	Low Low	Commission (Commission)	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea ohipoda o'dracarina ra
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C Density:	Organi High High anism Organi High	isms	Me Me	oder	ate	Low Low	Commission (Commission)	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other Zygoptera, An	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea ohipoda o'dracarina ra
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C Density:	Organi High High anism	isms	Me Me	oder	ate	Low Low	Commission (Commission)	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other Zygoptera, An	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea ohipoda o'dracarina ra
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:	Organi High High anism Organi High	isms	Me Me	oder	ate	Low Low	Commission (Commission)	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other Zygoptera, An Plecoptera Hemiptera	oligochaeta, Hirudinea ohipoda odracarina ra nisoptera
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:	Organi High High anism Organi High	isms ns: isms	Me Me	oder	ate	Low Low	Commission (Commission)	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other Zygoptera, An Plecoptera Hemiptera Megaloptera,	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea ohipoda odracarina ra
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Pool: Predominant Org	Organi High High anism Organi High High	isms ns: isms	Me Me	oder	ate	Low Low	Commission (Commission)	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other Zygoptera, An Plecoptera Hemiptera Megaloptera, Trichoptera	daria, Bryozoa Digochaeta, Hirudinea Dhipoda Varacarina Ta Thisoptera
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Pool: Predominant Org Other Common C Other Common C	Organi High High anism Organi High High	isms ns: isms	Me Me	oder	ate	Low Low Low	Commission (Commission)	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other Zygoptera, An Plecoptera Hemiptera Megaloptera, Trichoptera Hydrops	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea Ohipoda odracarina ra nisoptera
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Pool: Predominant Org Other Common C Density:	Organi High High anism Organi High anism Organi High	isms ns: isms	Me Me	oder	ate ate ate	Low Low Low	Tatalanana (a. 1941)  Tatalanananananananananananananananananan	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other Zygoptera, An Plecoptera Hemiptera Megaloptera, Trichoptera Hydrops Other	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea Ohipoda odracarina ra nisoptera
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Pool: Predominant Org Other Common C Density:	Organi High High anism Organi High High	isms ns: isms	Me Me	oder	ate ate ate	Low Low Low	Compresses  Compresses  Compresses  Compresses  Compresses  Compress  Compre	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other Zygoptera, An Plecoptera Hemiptera Megaloptera, Trichoptera Hydrops Other Coleoptera	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea Ohipoda Odracarina ra nisoptera Neuroptera
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Pool: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:	Organi High High anism Organi High anism Organi High	isms ns: isms	Me Me	oder	ate ate ate	Low Low Low	Community  Service  S	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other Zygoptera, An Plecoptera Hemiptera Megaloptera, Trichoptera Hydrops Other Coleoptera Elimidae	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea Ohipoda Odracarina ra nisoptera Neuroptera
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Pool: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Margin:	Organi High High Anism Organi High High High High High	ns: isms	Me Me	oder	ate ate ate	Low Low Low	Compresses  Compresses  Compresses  Compresses  Compresses  Compress  Compre	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other Zygoptera, An Plecoptera Hemiptera Megaloptera, Trichoptera Hydrops Other Coleoptera Elimidae Other	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea Ohipoda Odracarina ra nisoptera Neuroptera
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Pool: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Margin: Predominant Org	Organi High High Anism Organi High High High High High	ns: isms ns: isms	Mo Mo Mo Mo	oder	ate ate ate	Low Low Low	Community  Service  S	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other Zygoptera, An Plecoptera Hemiptera Megaloptera, Trichoptera Hydrops Other Coleoptera Elimidae Other	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea Ohipoda Odracarina ra nisoptera Neuroptera ychidae
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Pool: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Margin: Predominant Org Other Common C	organi High High anism organi High High High High High	ns: isms ns: isms	Mo Mo	oder	ate ate ate ate	Low Low Low	Community  Service  S	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other Zygoptera, An Plecoptera Hemiptera Megaloptera, Trichoptera Hydrops Other Coleoptera Elimidae Other Diptera Other Di	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea Ohipoda Odracarina ra Inisoptera Neuroptera ychidae
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Pool: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Margin: Predominant Org Other Common C Density:	Organi High High anism Organi High High High High Jegani High High	ns: isms ns: isms	Mo Mo	oder oder oder	ate ate ate ate ate	Low Low Low	Community  Service  S	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other Zygoptera, An Plecoptera Hemiptera Megaloptera, Trichoptera Hydrops Other Coleoptera Elimidae Other Diptera Other Di Chironor	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea Ohipoda Odracarina ra nisoptera Neuroptera ychidae pteran midae
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Pool: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Margin: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:	organi High High anism organi High High High High High	ns: isms ns: isms	Mo Mo	oder	ate ate ate ate ate	Low Low Low	Community  Service  S	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other Zygoptera, An Plecoptera Hemiptera Megaloptera, Trichoptera Hydrops Other Coleoptera Elimidae Other Diptera Other Di Chironon Gastropoda, E	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea Ohipoda Odracarina ra nisoptera Neuroptera ychidae pteran midae
Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Run: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Pool: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:  Margin: Predominant Org Other Common C Density: Diversity:	Organi High High anism Organi High High High High Jegani High High	ns: isms ns: isms	Mo Mo	oder oder oder	ate ate ate ate ate	Low Low Low	Community  Service  S	V= Very Abu Overall Amo	Porifera, Cnic Turbellaria, C Isopoda, Amp Decapoda, Hy Ephemeropter Baetidae Other Zygoptera, An Plecoptera Hemiptera Megaloptera, Trichoptera Hydrops Other Coleoptera Elimidae Other Diptera Other Di Chironor	daria, Bryozoa Oligochaeta, Hirudinea Ohipoda Odracarina ra nisoptera Neuroptera ychidae pteran midae

## Appendix C

Parameter	Test	Minimum Detection Limit	Practical Quantitation Limit
Alkalinity	EPA 310.2	2.3 mg/L	10 mg/L
COD	EPA 410.4	5 mg/L	10 mg/L
Hex Chrome	SM 3500 Cr D. 1	1 μg/L	5 μg/L
Mercury	EPA 245.1	0.016 μg/L	0.050 μg/L
NH3	EPA 350.1	0.002 mg/L	0.010 mg/L
NO2 + NO3	EPA 353.2	0.002 mg/L	0.010 mg/L
NO2	Method 4500-N0 <sub>2</sub> B. 1	0.002 mg/L	0.010 mg/L
NO3	EPA 353.2	0.002 mg/L	0.010 mg/L
Soluble-P	EPA 365.1	0.001 mg/L	0.010 mg/L
Total-P	EPA 365.1	0.001 mg/L	0.010 mg/L
Chlorophyll a	EPA 445.0	To be determined	2.0 μg/L
Chloride by IC	EPA 300.0	0.031 mg/L	5.000 mg/L
Sulfate by IC	EPA 300.0	0.061 mg/L	5.000 mg/L
BOD	EPA 405.1 (5 Day)	2 mg/L	
Ag	EPA 200.7	2.8 μg/L	10.00 μg/L
Al	EPA 200.7	26.3 μg/L	100.0 μg/L
As	EPA 200.7	13.9 μg/L	100.0 μg/L
Ва	EPA 200.7	0.70 μg/L	10.00 μg/L
Ве	EPA 200.7	0.20 μg/L	1.00 μg/L
Ca	EPA 200.7	25.5 μg/L	275 μg/L
Hardness (calc.)	SM 2340 B	CaCO3 mg/L =(2.497*	Ca mg/L)+(4.118*Mg mg/L)
Cd	EPA 200.7	4.6 μg/L	10.00 μg/L
Co	EPA 200.7	2.0 μg/L	10.00 μg/L
Cr	EPA 200.7	4.6 μg/L	10.00 μg/L
Cu	EPA 200.7	1.9 µg/L	10.00 μg/L
Fe	EPA 200.7	3.3 µg/L	10.00 μg/L
K	EPA 200.7	590.0 μg/L	2000.0 μg/L
Mg	EPA 200.7	29.9 μg/L	100.0 μg/L
Mn	EPA 200.7	1.2 μg/L	10.00 μg/L
Мо	EPA 200.7	3.8 µg/L	10.00 μg/L
Na	EPA 200.7	59.5 μg/L	500.0 μg/L
Ni	EPA 200.7	6.2 μg/L	20.00 μg/L
Pb	EPA 200.7	13.4 μg/L	50.00 μg/L
Sb	EPA 200.7	17.0 μg/L	100.0 μg/L
Se	EPA 200.7	36.0 μg/L	75.00 μg/L
Sn	EPA 200.7	13.4 μg/L	50.00 μg/L
Total Metals	EPA 200.7	μg/L =(Cr μg/L)+(Cu	μg/L)+(Ni μg/L)+(Zn μg/L)
Ti	EPA 200.7	1.6 μg/L	10.00 μg/L
TI	EPA 200.7	47.0 μg/L	100.0 μg/L
V	EPA 200.7	4.5 μg/L	10.00 μg/L
Zn	EPA 200.7	1.3 μg/L	10.00 μg/L
TS	SM 2540 B	0.5 mg/L	1.0 mg/L
TSS	SM 2540 D	0.5 mg/L	1.0 mg/L
TDS	SM 2540 C	0.5 mg/L	1.0 mg/L
Turbidity	EPA 180.1	0.1 NTU	0.2 NTU
E. coli	EPA 9213D	1 colony	
Field Parameter	Test	(Value	Reported in)
pН	SM 4500H-B	,	S.U.
Conductivity	SM 2510A	ı	us/cm
Dissolved Oxygen	SM 4500-0 G	•	mg/L
Temperature	SM 2550B		°C

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 19<sup>th</sup> Edition

## Appendix D

#### NEORSD Surface Water Condition Sampling Field Data Form

Stream:						
Date:		Cı	uyahoga River I	Daily Mean Discharg	ge*:	ft³/
		n during or follow how much rain oc			YES / NO	
Water Qual	lity Meters	s Used:				
Time:						
Flow:	Low	Norma	ıl	High (	Other:	_
HD Status:		OK B	uried	Out of Water	H-D was Reset	
	Unknov	wn (river to high)	Missing	Not Installed	Flow:	
Clarity:	Clear	Murky	Turbid	Other	:	
Color:	None	Green	Brown	Other	:	
Field Paran	neters:	Dissolved Oxyg	gen (mg/L):	T	emperature (°C):	
General Co	mments:				pH (s.u.):	
General Co	mments:			***	pH (s.u.):	
General Co	mments:			Field Blar		ate Site
	Domments:		Site Location (I	Field Blar	ık Site / Sample Duplic	ate Site
Time:	Low	Norma	Site Location (I	Field Blar	ık Site / Sample Duplic	ate Site
Time:	Low	Norma OK Bi	Site Location (I Il uried	Field Blar RM): High (	ok Site / Sample Duplic Other: H-D was Reset	ate Site
Time:	Low	Norma OK Bi	Site Location (I Il uried	Field Blar RM): High C Out of Water	Other:  H-D was Reset  Flow:	ate Site
Time:	Low	Norma OK Bu	Site Location (I al uried Missing	Field Blar RM): High Out of Water Not Installed	Other:  H-D was Reset  Flow:	ate Site
Time: Flow: HD Status: Clarity:	Low Unknow Clear None	Norma OK Bi wn (river to high) Murky	Site Location (I al uried Missing Turbid Brown	Field Blan RM): High O Out of Water Not Installed Other	Other:  H-D was Reset  Flow:	ate Site
Time: Flow: HD Status: Clarity: Color:	Low Unknow Clear None	Norma OK Bi wn (river to high) Murky Green Dissolved Oxyg	Site Location (I  uried  Missing  Turbid  Brown  gen (mg/L):	Field Blan RM): High O Out of Water Not Installed Other	Other:  H-D was Reset  Flow:  : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	ate Site
Time: Flow: HD Status: Clarity: Color:	Low Unknow Clear None	Norma OK Bi wn (river to high) Murky Green Dissolved Oxyg	Site Location (I  uried  Missing  Turbid  Brown  gen (mg/L):	Field Blar RM): High	Other:  H-D was Reset  Flow:  : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	ate Site

#### NEORSD Surface Water Condition Sampling Field Data Form

						Stream:
ft³/	Cuyahoga River Daily Mean Discharge*:				Date:	
	YES / NO	r event?	10	n during or following a how much rain occurre		
				s Used:	ity Meters	Water Qual
				Site I		Time:
	er:	High Oth	]	Normal	Low	Flow:
	H-D was Reset	Out of Water	(	OK Buried		HD Status:
	Flow:	Not Installed	Missing	wn (river to high)	Unknov	
		Other:	Turbid	Murky	Clear	Clarity:
		Other:	Brown	Green	None	Color:
			70	Dissolved Overson (n	neters:	Field Paran
	perature (°C):	Tem	ng/L):	Dissolved Oxygen (I	ictors.	I lold I didil
					icters.	riora raran
	pH (s.u.):	m):	ce (µmhos/c	Specific Conductano		General Co
	pH (s.u.):	m):Field Blank	ce (μmhos/c	Specific Conductano		
cate Site	pH (s.u.):	m):Field Blank	ce (μmhos/cr	Specific Conductano		
cate Site	pH (s.u.):	m):Field Blank	ce (μmhos/cr	Specific Conductano		General Co
cate Site	pH (s.u.):	m):Field Blank M):	ce (μmhos/cr Location (R)	Specific Conductano	mments:	General Co
cate Site	pH (s.u.):Site / Sample Duplica	Field Blank  M):  High Oth	Location (R)	Specific Conductand  Site I  Normal	mments:	General Con
cate Site	pH (s.u.):Site / Sample Duplica	Field Blank  M):  High Oth	Location (R)	Specific Conductance  Site I  Normal  OK Buried	mments:	General Con
cate Site	pH (s.u.):  Site / Sample Duplication  eer:  H-D was Reset  Flow:	Field Blank  M):  High Oth  Out of Water  Not Installed	Location (RI  Missing	Specific Conductance  Site I  Normal  OK Buried  wn (river to high)	Low Unknow	General Con Time: Flow: HD Status:
cate Site	pH (s.u.): Site / Sample Duplicate: H-D was Reset Flow:	Field Blank M): High Oth Out of Water Not Installed Other: Other:	Location (RI  Missing  Turbid  Brown	Specific Conductance  Site I  Normal  OK Buried  wn (river to high)  Murky	Low Unknow Clear None	General Con Time:  Flow: HD Status: Clarity:
cate Site	pH (s.u.):  Site / Sample Duplication  eer:  H-D was Reset  Flow:  aperature (°C):	Field Blank M): High Oth Out of Water Not Installed Other: Other:	Location (R)  Missing  Turbid  Brown  ng/L):	Specific Conductance  Site I  Normal  OK Buried  wn (river to high)  Murky  Green  Dissolved Oxygen (no	Low Unknow Clear None	General Control Time: Flow: HD Status: Clarity: Color:

## Appendix E

## YSI 556 Meter Specifications

## **14.1 Sensor Specifications**

Dissolved O	xygen			
Sensor Type		Steady state polarographic		
Range:	% air sat'n	■ 0 to 500% air saturation		
	mg/L	■ 0 to 50 mg/L		
Accuracy:	% air sat'n	■ 0 to 200% air saturation:		
		$\pm 2\%$ of the reading or 2% air saturation;		
		whichever is greater		
		■ 200 to 500% air saturation:		
		$\pm 6\%$ of the reading		
	mg/L	• 0 to 20 mg/L:		
		$\pm 2\%$ of the reading or 0.2 mg/L; whichever is		
		greater		
		• 20 to 50 mg/L:		
		±6% of the reading		
Resolution:		• 0.1% air saturation		
	mg/L	■ 0.01 mg/L		
Temperatu	re			
Sensor Type:	•	YSI Precision <sup>TM</sup> thermistor		
Range:		-5 to 45°C		
Accuracy:		±0.15°C		
Resolution:		0.01°C		
Conductivi	ity	-		
Sensor Type:	•	4-electrode cell with auto-ranging		
Range:		0 to 200 mS/cm		
Accuracy:		$\pm 0.5\%$ of reading or $\pm 0.001$ mS/cm; whichever is		
		greater-4 meter cable		
		$\pm 1.0\%$ of reading or $\pm 0.001$ mS/cm; whichever is		
		greater–20 meter cable		
Resolution:		0.001 mS/cm to 0.1 mS/cm (range-dependent)		
Salinity				
Sensor Type:		Calculated from conductivity and temperature		
Range:		0 to 70 ppt		
Accuracy:		$\pm 1.0\%$ of reading or 0.1 ppt; whichever is greater		
Resolution:		0.01 ppt		





The YSI 650 Multiparameter Display System

## Pure Data for a Healthy Planet.®

A powerful logging display for your data collection processes

## **YSI 650 Multiparameter Display System**

#### Rugged and Reliable Display and Data Logging System

Easily log real-time data, calibrate YSI 6-Series sondes, set up sondes for deployment, and upload data to a PC with the feature-packed YSI 650MDS (Multiparameter Display System). Designed for reliable field use, this versatile display and data logger features a waterproof IP-67, impact-resistant case.

- Compatible with EcoWatch® for Windows® data analysis software
- User-upgradable software from YSI's website
- Menu-driven, easy-to-use interface
- Multiple language capabilities
- Graphing feature
- Three-year warranty

#### Feature-Packed Performance

#### Battery Life

With the standard alkaline battery configuration of 4 C-cells, the YSI 650 will power itself and a YSI 6600 sonde continuously for approximately 30 hours. Or, choose the rechargeable battery pack option with quick-charge feature.

#### **Optional Barometer**

Temperature-compensated barometer readings are displayed and can be used in dissolved oxygen calibration. Measurements can be logged to memory for tracking changes in barometric pressure.

#### Optional GPS Interface

Designed to NMEA protocol, the YSI 650 MDS will display and log real-time GPS readings with a user supplied GPS interfaced with YSI 6-Series sondes.

#### Memory Options

Standard memory with 150 data sets, or a high-memory option (1.5 MB) with more than 50,000 data sets; both options with time and date stamp.

The 650MDS can be used with YSI sondes for spot sampling as well as short-term data logging.

Supply a GPS with NMEA 0183 protocol, connect with the YSI 6115 kit, and collect GPS data along with water quality data.

Upload data from the 650 to EcoWatch® for instant data viewing.





# To order, or for more information, contact YSI +1 937 767 7241 800 897 4151 (US) www.ysi.com

YSI Environmental +1 937 767 7241 Fax +1 937 767 9353 environmental@ysi.com

YSI Integrated Systems & Services +15087480366 Fax +15087482543 systems@ysi.com

SonTek/YSI +1 858 546 8327 Fax +1 858 546 8150 inquiry@sontek.com

YSI Gulf Coast +1 225 753 2650 Fax +1 225 753 8669 environmental@ysi.com

YSI Hydrodata (UK) +44 1462 673 581 Fax +44 1462 673 582 europe@ysi.com

YSI Middle East (Bahrain) +973 1753 6222 Fax +973 1753 6333 halsalem@ysi.com

YSI (Hong Kong) Limited +852 2891 8154 Fax +852 2834 0034 hongkong@ysi.com

YSI (China) Limited +86 10 5203 9675 Fax +86 10 5203 9679 beijing@ysi-china.com

YSI Nanotech (Japan) +81 44 222 0009 Fax +81 44 221 1102 nanotech@ysi.com

#### ISO 9001 ISO 14001

Yellow Springs, Ohio Facility

EcoWatch, Pure Data for a Healthy Planet and Who's Minding the Planet? are registered trademarks of YSI Incorporated. Windows is a registered trademark of the Microsoft Corporation.

©2007 YSI Incorporated Printed in USA 0707 E11-03



YSI incorporated
Who's Minding
the Planet?

#### **YSI 650MDS Specifications**

Temperature Operating Storage	-10 to +60°C for visible display -20 to +70°C		
Waterproof Rating	IP-67 for both the standard alkaline battery configuration and for the rechargeable battery pack option		
Connector	MS-8; meets IP-67 specification		
Dimensions Width Length Weight with batteries	4.7 in, 11.9 cm 9 in, 22.9 cm 2.1 lbs, 0.91 kg		
Display	VGA; LCD with 320 by 240 pixels with backlight		
Power Standard Optional	4 alkaline C-cells with detachable battery cover Ni metal hydride battery pack with attached battery cover and 110/220 volt charging system		
Communications	RS-232 to all sondes, for data transfer to PC, and for software updates		
Optional GPS	NMEA 0183; requires user-supplied GPS and YSI 6115 Y-cable		
Backlight	4 LEDs illuminating LCD; user-selectable		
Keypad	20 keys, including instrument on/off, backlight on/off, enter, esc, 10 number/letter entry keys, 2 vertical arrow keys, 2 horizontal arrow keys, period key, and minus key		
Warranty	3 years		

Ordering Information				
650-01	Instrument, standard memory			
650-02	Instrument, high memory			
650-03	Instrument, standard memory, barometer			
650-04	Instrument, high memory, barometer			
6113	Rechargeable battery pack kit with 110 volt charger and adapter cable			
616	Charger, cigarette lighter			
4654	Tripod			
614	Ultra clamp, C-clamp mount			
5081	Carrying case, hard-sided			
5085	Hands-free harness			
5065	Form-fitted carrying case			
6115	Y-cable for interface with user-supplied GPS system			



The 650MDS can interface with any YSI sonde for

- spot sampling
- short-term studies
- surface and ground water monitoring
- water level monitoring

Packaged together, the 600QS system includes a 600R conductivity sonde, 650MDS, field cable, and additional sensor options such as pH, dissolved oxygen, ORP, and vented level.





The YSI 600XL and 600XLM

## YSI 600XL and 600XLM Sondes

#### Measure multiple parameters simultaneously

The YSI 600XL and YSI 600XLM compact sondes measure eleven parameters simultaneously:

Temperature TDS
Conductivity pH
Specific Conductance ORP

Salinity Depth or Level

Resistivity Rapid Pulse™ DO (% and mg/L)

#### Connect with Data Collection Platforms

Either sonde can easily connect to the YSI 6200 DAS (Data Acquisition System), YSI EcoNet<sup>™</sup> or your own data collection platform, via SDI-12 for remote and real-time data acquisition applications.

#### **Economical Logging System**

The YSI 600XLM is an economical logging system for long-term, *in situ* monitoring and profiling. It will log all parameters at programmable intervals and store 150,000 readings. At one-hour intervals, the instrument will log data for about 75 days utilizing its own power source. The 600XL can also be utilized in the same manner with user-supplied external power.

- Either sonde fits down 2-inch wells
- Horizontal measurements in very shallow waters
- Stirring-independent Rapid Pulse® dissolved oxygen sensor
- Field-replaceable sensors
- Easily connects to data collection platforms
- Available with detachable cables to measure depth up to 200 feet
- Compatible with YSI 650 Multiparameter Display System
- Use with the YSI 5083 flow cell for groundwater applications



Economical, multiparameter sampling or logging in a compact sonde

#### Sensor performance verified\*

The 6820 **V2** and 6920 **V2** sondes use sensor technology that was verified through the US EPA's Environmental Technology Verification Program (ETV). For information on which sensors were performance-verified, turn this sheet over and look for the ETV logo.



To order, or for more info, contact YSI Environmental.

#### +1 937 767 7241 800 897 4151 (US) www.ysi.com

YSI Environmental +1 937 767 7241 Fax +1 937 767 9353 environmental@ysi.com

Endeco/YSI +1 508 748 0366 Fax +1 508 748 2543 systems@ysi.com

SonTek/YSI +1 858 546 8327 Fax +1 858 546 8150 inquiry@sontek.com

YSI Gulf Coast +1 225 753 2650 Fax +1 225 753 8669 environmental@ysi.com

YSI Hydrodata (UK) +44 1462 673 581 Fax +44 1462 673 582 europe@ysi.com

YSI Middle East (Bahrain) +973 1753 6222 Fax +973 1753 6333 halsalem@ysi.com

YSI (Hong Kong) Limited +852 2891 8154 Fax +852 2834 0034 hongkong@ysi.com

YSI (China) Limited +86 10 5203 9675 Fax +86 10 5203 9679 beijing@ysi-china.com

YSI Nanotech (Japan) +81 44 222 0009 Fax +81 44 221 1102 nanotech@ysi.com



Yellow Springs, Ohio Facility

ROX and Rapid Pulse are trademarks and EcoWatch, Pure Data for a Healthy Planet and Who's Minding the Planet? are registered trademarks of YSI Incorporated.

©2007 YSI Incorporated Printed in USA 0107 E55-01



"Sensors with listed with the ETV logo were submitted to the ETV program on the Y18 GebUSD. Information on the performance characteristics of YSI water quality sensors can be found at wew, epagewiet, or call YSI at 800.897.4151 for the ETV erification report. Use of the ETV arms or logo does not imply approval or report. The of the ETV arms or logo does not imply approval or implied warranties or guarantees as to product performance.

YSI incorporated Who's Minding the Planet?°

## YSI 600XL & 600XLM Sensor Specifications

	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
Dissolved Oxygen % Saturation 6562 Rapid Pulse™ Sensor*	0 to 500%	0.1%	0 to 200%: ±2% of reading or 2% air saturation, whichever is greater; 200 to 500%: ±6% of reading
Dissolved Oxygen mg/L ET € 6562 Rapid Pulse™ Sensor*	0 to 50 mg/L	0.01 mg/L	0 to 20 mg/L: $\pm$ 0.2 mg/L or 2% of reading, whichever is greater; 20 to 50 mg/L: $\pm$ 6% of reading
Conductivity* 6560 Sensor*  ET	0 to 100 mS/cm	0.001 to 0.1 mS/cm (range dependent)	±0.5% of reading + 0.001 mS/cm
Salinity	0 to 70 ppt	0.01 ppt	±1% of reading or 0.1 ppt, whichever is greater
Temperature 6560 Sensor*  ET	-5 to +50°C	0.01°C	±0.15°C
pH 6561 Sensor* ET	0 to 14 units	0.01 unit	±0.2 unit
ORP	-999 to +999 mV	0.1 mV	±20 mV
Depth & Level Medium Shallow Vented Level	1	0.001 ft, 0.001 m 0.001 ft, 0.001 m 0.001 ft, 0.001 m	±0.4 ft, ±0.12 m ±0.06 ft, ±0.02 m ±0.01 ft, 0.003 m

<sup>•</sup> Report outputs of specific conductance (conductivity corrected to 25° C), resistivity, and total dissolved solids are also provided. These values are automatically calculated from conductivity according to algorithms found in Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater (ed 1989).

YSI 600XL & 600XLM Sonde Specifications			
Medium		Fresh, sea or polluted water	
Temperature	Operating Storage	-5 to +50°C -10 to +60°C	
Communications		RS-232, SDI-12	
Software		EcoWatch*	
Dimensions 600XL   600XLM	Diameter Length Weight	1.65 in, 4.19 cm   1.65 in, 4.9 cm 16 in, 40.6 cm   21.3 in, 54.1 cm 1.3 lbs, 0.59 kg   1.5 lbs, 0.69 kg	
Power Internal (	External 600XLM only)	12 V DC 4 AA-size alkaline batteries	

YSI model 5083 flow cell and 600XL. This is an ideal combination for groundwater applications.



## HI 98129

#### Combo pH/EC/TDS/Temperature Tester with Low Range EC



#### **Description**

The HI 98129 Combo waterproof tester offer high accuracy pH, EC/TDS and temperature measurements in a single tester! No more switching between meters for your routine measurements. The waterproof Combo (it even floats) has a large easy-to-read, dual-level LCD and automatic shut-off. pH and EC/TDS readings are automatically compensated for the effects of temperature (ATC). This technologically advanced tester has a replaceable pH electrode cartridge with an extendable cloth junction as well as an EC/TDS graphite electrode that resists contamination by salts and other substances. This gives these meters a greatly extended life. Your tester no longer needs to be thrown away when the pH sensor is exhausted.

The EC/TDS conversion factor is user selectable as is the temperature compensation coefficient (ß). Fast, efficient, accurate and portable, the Combo pH, EC/TDS and temperature tester brings you all the features you've asked for and more!

#### **Specifications**

Range	рН	0.00 to 14.00 pH
Range	EC	0 to 3999 μS/cm
Range	TDS	0 to 2000 ppm
Range	Temperature	0.0 to 60.0°C / 32 to 140.0°F
Resolution	рН	0.01 pH
Resolution	EC	1 μS/cm
Resolution	TDS	1 ppm
Resolution	Temperature	0.1°C / 0.1°F
Accuracy	рН	±0.05 pH
Accuracy	EC/TDS	±2% F.S.
Accuracy	Temperature	±0.5°C / ±1°F
Temperature		pH: automatic; EC/TDS: automatic with ß adjustable
Compensation		from 0.0 to 2.4% / °C
Calibration	рН	automatic, 1 or 2 points with 2 sets of memorized
		buffers
		(pH 4.01 / 7.01 / 10.01 or 4.01 / 6.86 / 9.18)
Calibration	EC/TDS	automatic, 1 point
TDS Conversion Factor	or	adjustable from 0.45 to 1.00
pH Electrode		HI 73127 (replaceable; included)
Environment		0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F); RH max 100%
Battery Type / Life		4 x 1.5V / approx. 100 hours of continuous use;
		auto-off after 8 minutes of non-use
Dimensions		163 x 40 x 26 mm (6.4 x 1.6 x 1.0")
Weight		100 g (3.5 oz.)

## Appendix F

#### Aquatic Macroinvertebrate Standard Operating Procedures

#### Sample Processing

Hester-Dendy samplers (HD) for each site are rinsed and cleaned in a #30 sieve stacked upon a #40 sieve. The resulting #30 and #40 samples are labeled, pre-picked for rare and/or large taxa under 3X magnification and then, if needed, subsampled, using a Folsom sample splitter to achieve more manageable numbers of organisms (minimums of 100 midge larvae, 75 mayflies and 75 caddisflies for #30 sample and minimum of 100 organisms in #40 sample). The resulting macroinvertebrates are then sorted into major orders, using a dissecting scope with at least 10X magnification. The sorted macroinvertebrates are put into labeled vials and preserved in 70% ethanol.

Qualitative samples (QUAL) are not subsampled but are rinsed in a #40 sieve to remove the formalin solution. The sample is then placed in a labeled vial and preserved in 70% ethanol.

#### Macroinvertebrate Identification

Macroinvertebrates from #30 HD samples and QUAL samples are identified to the lowest practical taxonomic level using OEPA approved references. Exceptions include damaged and immature specimens, which are extrapolated into the counts of the larger, identified specimens. Macroinvertebrates, except for midge larvae, from #40 HD samples are identified, counted and extrapolated into the taxa identified in the corresponding #30 HD sample. Midge larvae from #40 HD samples are also counted and extrapolated into the corresponding #30 HD sample, except for six easily recognizable midge taxa (*Corynoneura spp., Thienemanniella spp., Nilotanypus fimbriatus, Labrundinia spp., Stemepellina spp.* and *Stempellinella spp.*) If found, these are removed, identified and counted separately from the #40 HD sample and included in the #30 HD sample.

Midge larvae are mounted directly onto labeled slides using CMC-10, which is a clearing agent and a mounting medium. Voucher slides will be ringed with clear nail polish to prevent air fingers from forming.

A voucher collection, consisting of at least two organisms in good condition for each taxon found, will be prepared and will represent all three projects. In the case that only one organism of a certain taxon is found, that organism will be the voucher.

For each site, identifications will be recorded on bench sheets provided by the OEPA. These sheets include identifications, raw counts, extrapolated counts and identification numbers.

#### **Metric Calculations**

Invertebrate Community Index (ICI) calculations will be figured by hand for each site containing both a HD sample and a QUAL sample. For samples consisting of only a QUAL sample, a Qualitative Community Tolerance Value (QCTV) score will be calculated by hand and will be based on the most recent Ohio EPA Macroinvertebrate Taxa List, which contains tolerance values.

#### **Supporting Documents References**

- Davis, W.S. and T.P. Simon (editors). 1995. Biological Assessment and Criteria: Tools for Water Resource Planning and Decision Making. Lewis Publishers, (Chapter 15 by J.E. DeShon), 217-243.
- Ohio EPA. 1989. Biological Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life: Volume III: Standardized Biological Field Sampling and Laboratory Methods for Assessing Fish and Macroinvertebrate Communites, updated 1989, 2006 and 2008.
- Ohio EPA. 1987. Biological Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life: Volume II: Users Manual for Biological Field Assessment of Ohio Surface Waters, updated 1988, 2006 and 2008.

#### **Taxonomic References**

- Allen, R.K. and G.F. Edmunds. 1962. A revision of the genus Ephemerella (Ephemeroptera: Ephemerellidae). IV. The subgenus Danella. Journal of the Kansas Entomological Society 35:333-338.
- Allen, R.K. and G.F. Edmunds. 1963b. A revision of the genus Ephemerella (Ephemeroptera: Ephemerellidae). VI. The subgenus Serratella in North America. Annals of the Entomological Society of America 56:583-600.
- Bednarik, A.F. and W.P. McCafferty. 1979. Biosystematic revision of the genus Stenonema (Ephemeroptera: Heptageniidae). Canadian Bulletins of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences 201:1-73.
- Bode, R.W. 1983. Larvae of North American Eukiefferiella and Tvetenia (Diptera: Chironomidae). New York State Museum Bulletin No. 452:1-40.
- Brown, P. 1972. Aquatic dryopoid beetles (Coleoptera) of the United States. Biota of Freshwater Ecosystems Identification Manual No. 6. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C.
- Burch, J.B. 1982. Freshwater snails (Mollusca: Gastropoda) of North America. EPA-600/3-82-026. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, Ohio.
- Epler, J.H. 2001. Identification manual for the larval Chironomidae (Diptera) of North and South Carolina. A guide to the taxonomy of the midges of the southeastern

- United States, including Florida. Special Publication SJ2001-SP13. North Carolina Department of Environmental and Natural Resources, Raleigh, NC, and St. John's River Water Management District, Palatka, FL. 526 pp.
- Floyd, M.A. 1995. Larvae of the caddisfly genus Oecetis (Trichoptera: Leptoceridae) in North America. Bulletin of the Ohio Biological Survey Vol. 10, No. 3. 85 pp.
- Glover, J.B. 1996. Larvae of the caddisfly genera Triaenodes and Ylodes (Trichoptera: Leptoceridae) in North America. Bulletin of the Ohio Biological Survey Vol. 11, No. 2. 89 pp.
- Glover, J.B. and M.A. Floyd. 2004. Larvae of the genus Nectopsyche (Trichoptera: Leptoceridae) in eastern North America, including a new species from North Carolina. Journal of the North American Benthological Society 23(3):526-541.
- Grodhaus, G. 1987. Endochironmus Kieffer, Tribelos Townes, Synendotendipes new genus, and Endotribelos new genus (Diptera: Chironomidae) of the Nearctic region. Journal of the Kansas Entomological Society 60(2):167-247.
- Hestenes, T.C. and O.A. Saether. 2000. Three new Nearctic Thienemanniella Kieffer species with a review of the Nearctic species. Late 20th Century Research on Chironomidae. An Anthology from the 13th International Symposium on Chironomidae: pp. 103-127. Shaker Verlag, Aachen.
- Hilsenhoff, W.L. 1995. Aquatic insects of Wisconsin. Keys to Wisconsin genera and notes on biology, habitat, distribution and species. Publication Number 3 of the Natural History Museums Council. University of Wisconsin Madison.
- Hitchcock, S.W. 1974. Guide to the insects of Connecticut. Part VII. The Plecoptera or stoneflies of Connecticut. State Geological and Natural History Survey of Connecticut Bulletin Number 107:1-262.
- Holsinger, J.R. 1972. The freshwater amphipod crustaceans (Gammaridae) of North America. Biota of Freshwater Ecosystems Identification Manual No. 5. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C.
- Jackson, G.A. 1977. Nearctic and Palearctic Paracladopelma Harnisch and Saetheria n.gen. (Diptera: Chironomidae). Journal of the Fisheries Research Board of Canada 34:1321-1359.
- Jezerinac, R.F. 1978. Key to the first form male Procambarus and Orconectes (Decapoda: Cambaridae) of Ohio. Unpublished.
- Jezerinac, R.F. 1993. A new subgenus and species of crayfish (Decapoda:Cambaridae) of the genus Cambarus, with an amended description of the subgenus

- Lacunicambarus. Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington 106(3):532-544.
- Jezerinac, R.F. and R.F. Thoma. 1984. An illustrated key to the Ohio Cambarus and Fallicambarus (Decapoda: Cambaridae) with comments and a new subspecies record. Ohio Journal of Science 84(3):120-125.
- Johannsen, O.A. 1935. Aquatic diptera. Part II. Orthorrhapha Brachycera and Cyclorrhapha. Cornell University Agricultural Experiment Station Memoir 177:1-62.
- Klemm, D.J. 1982. Leeches (Annelida: Hirudinea) of North America. EPA-600/3-82-025. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, Ohio.
- Lugo-Ortiz, C.R. and W.P. McCafferty. 1998. A new North American genus of Baetidae (Ephemeroptera) and key to Baetis complex genera. Entomological News 109(5): 345-353.
- Maschwitz, D.E. and E.F. Cook. 2000. Revision of the Nearctic species of the genus Polypedilum Kieffer (Diptera: Chironomidae) in the subgenera P. (Polypedilum) Kieffer and P. (Uresipedilum) Oyewo and Saether. Bulletin of the Ohio Biological Survey. New Series 12(3): 1-135.
- McCafferty, W.P. 1975. The burrowing mayflies (Ephemeroptera: Ephmeroidea) of the United States. Transactions of the American Entomological Society 101:447-504.
- McCafferty, W.P. and R.D. Waltz. 1995. Labiobaetis (Ephemeroptera: Baetidae): new status, new North American species, and related new genus. Ent. News 106(1): 19-28.
- McCafferty, W.P. and R.D. Waltz. 1990. Revisionary synopsis of the Baetidae (Ephemeroptera) of North and Middle America. Transactions of the American Entomological Society 116(4):769-799.
- Merritt, R.W., K.W. Cummins, and M.B. Berg (editors). 2008. An introduction to the aquatic insects of North America. Fourth Edition. Kendall/Hunt Publishing Company, Dubuque, Iowa 1158 pp.
- Morihara, D.K. and W.P. McCafferty. 1979. The Baetis larvae of North America (Ephemeroptera: Baetidae). Transactions of the American Entomological Society 105:139-221.
- Needham, J.G., M.J. Westfall, Jr., and M.L. May. 2000. Dragonflies of North America. Revised edition. Scientific Publishers, Gainesville, Florida 939 pp.

- Neunzig, H.H. 1966. Larvae of the genus Nigronia Banks (Neuroptera: Corydalidae). Proceedings of the Entomological Society of Washington 68(1):11-16.
- Ohio EPA. 2007a. Larval key for the "two tailed" Baetidae of Ohio. Ohio EPA, Division of Surface Water, Ecological Assessment Section, Columbus, Ohio 3 pp.
- Ohio EPA. 2007b. Ohio EPA supplemental keys to the larval Chironomidae (Diptera) of Ohio. Ohio EPA, Division of Surface Water, Ecological Assessment Section, Columbus, Ohio 59 pp plus 8 pp. of figures.
- Oliver, D.R. and M.E. Roussel. 1983. The insects and arachnids of Canada. Part II. The genera of larval midges of Canada (Diptera: Chironomidae). Agriculture Canada Publication 1746:1-263.
- Parker, C.R. and G.B. Wiggins. 1987. Revision of the caddisfly genus Psilotreta (Trichoptera:Odontoceridae). Royal Ontario Museum. Life Sciences Contributions No. 144 55 pp.
- Pennak, R.W. 1989. Fresh-water invertebrates of the United States. Third Edition. John Wiley & Sons, New York, New York.
- Pescador, M.L.and L. Berner. 1981. The mayfly family Baetiscidae (Ephemeroptera). Part II. Biosystematics of the genus Baetisca. Transactions of the American Entomological Society 107:163-228.
- Prather, A.L. and J.C. Morse. 2001. Eastern Nearctic Rhyacophila species, with revision of the Rhyacophila invaria group (Trichoptera: Rhyacophilidae). Transactions of the American Entomological Society 127(1):85-166.
- Resh, V.H. 1976. The biology and immature stages of the caddisfly genus Ceraclea in eastern North America (Trichoptera: Leptoceridae). Annals of the Entomological Society of America 69(6):1039-1061.
- Roback, S.S. 1977. The immature chironomids of the eastern United States II.

  Tanypodinae Tanypodini. Proceedings of The Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia 128:55-87.
- Roback, S.S. 1985. The immature chironomids of the eastern United States VI. Penaneurini genus Ablabesmyia. Proceedings of The Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia 137(2):153-212.
- Roback, S.S. 1987. The immature chironomids of the eastern United States IX. Pentaneurini genus Labrundinia, with the description of some Neotropical material.

- Proceedings of The Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia 139:159-209.
- Ross, H. 1944. The caddisflies or Trichoptera of Illinois. Bulletin of the Illinois Natural History Survey Division 23(1):1-326.
- Saether, O.A. 1985. A review of the genus Rheocricotopus Thienemann & Harnisch, 1932, with the description of three new species (Diptera: Chironomidae). Spixiana Supplement 11:59- 108.
- Schefter, P.W. and G.B. Wiggins. 1986. A systematic study of the Nearctic larvae of the Hydropsyche morosa Group (Trichoptera: Hydropsychidae). Royal Ontario Museum. Life Sciences Miscellaneous Publications, Toronto, Ontario 94 pp.
- Schuster, G.A. and D.A. Etnier. 1978. A manual for the identification of the larvae of the caddisfly gerera Hydropsyche Pictet and Symphitopsyche Ulmer in eastern and central North America (Trichoptera: Hydropsychidae). EPA-600/4-78-060. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, Ohio.
- Smith, D.G. 2001. Pennak's freshwater invertebrates of the United States. Fourth Edition. Porifera to Crustacea. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, New York. 638 pp.
- Stewart, K.W. and B.P. Stark. 2002. Nymphs of North American stonefly genera (Plecoptera). Second Edition. The Caddis Press, Columbus, Ohio. 510 pp.
- Sun, L and W.P. McCafferty. 2008. Cadistics, classification and identification of the brachycercine mayflies (Insecta: Ephemeroptera: Caenidae). Zootaxa 1801:1-239.
- Thorp, J.H. and A.P. Covich (editors). 2001. Ecology and classification of North American freshwater invertebrates. 2nd edition. Academic Press, San Diego, California. 1056 pp.
- Waters, G.T. 1995. A guide to the freshwater mussels of Ohio. Third Edition. The Ohio Department of Natural Resources, Division of Wildlife, Columbus, Ohio.
- Wiederholm, T. (editor). 1983. Chironomidae of the Holarctic region. Keys and diagnoses. Part 1. Larvae. Entomologica Scandinavica Supplement No. 19:1-457.
- Wiggins, G.B. 1996. Larvae of the North American caddisfly genera (Trichoptera). Second Edition. University of Toronto Press, Toronto, Canada.
- Yamamoto, T. and G.B. Wiggins. 1964. A comparative study of the North American species in the caddisfly genus Mystacides (Trichoptera: Leptoceridae). Canadian Journal of Zoology 42: 1105-1126.

## "Appendix K

#### References

- EPA New England- Region 1. (2005). Standard operating procedure for calibration and field measurement procedures for the YSI Model 6-Series Sondes and Data Logger (Including: temperature, pH, specific conductance, turbidity, dissolved oxygen, chlorophyll, rhodamine WT, ORP, and barometric pressure)(7<sup>th</sup> Revision). North Chelmsford, MA: The Office of Environmental Measurement and Evaluation, Ecosystem Assessment- Ecology Monitoring Team.
- Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. (1987a). Biological criteria for the protection of aquatic life: Volume II. Users manual for biological field assessment of Ohio surface waters (Updated January 1988; September 1989; November 2006; August 2008). Columbus, OH: Division of Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment.
- Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. (1987b). Biological criteria for the protection of aquatic life: Volume III. Standardized biological field sampling and laboratory methods for assessing fish and macroinvertebrate communities (Updated September 1989; March 2001; November 2006; and August 2008). Columbus, OH: Division of Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment.
- Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA). (1997). Ohio Environmental Protection Agency Authorization to Discharge under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System. Permit No. 3PA00002\*FD, Part II Section F, for the Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District, Cleveland, Ohio.
- Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. (2003). *Total maximum daily loads for the lower Cuyahoga River*. Columbus, OH: Division of Surface Water.
- Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. (2005). *Total maximum daily loads for the Euclid Creek Watershed*. Columbus, OH: Division of Surface Water.
- Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. (2006). *Methods for assessing habitat in flowing waters: using the Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index (QHEI)*. (Ohio EPA Technical Bulletin EAS/2006-06-1). Columbus, OH: Division of Surface Water; Division of Ecological Assessment Section.
- Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. (2008). State of Ohio Draft Water Quality Standards *Ohio Administrative Code* Chapter 3745-1. Columbus, OH: Division of Surface Water, Standards and Technical Support Section.

- Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. (2009a). *Ohio EPA manual of surveillance methods and quality assurance practices*. Columbus, OH: Divisions of Surface Water and Environmental Services.
- Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. (2009b). State of Ohio Water Quality Standards *Ohio Administrative Code* Chapter 3745-1 (Revision: Adopted July 9, 2009; Effective October 9, 2009). Columbus, OH: Division of Surface Water, Standards and Technical Support Section.