


EXISTING CREEK CHANNEL
Existing culvert

REGIONAL STORMWATER STORMWATER
MANAGEMENT

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## PROPOSEDCULVERT

PROPOSED DECIDUOUS SHADE TREE
PROPOSED DECIDUOUS UNDERSTORY TREE
PROPOSED EVERGREEN TREE
PROPOSED DEGIDUOUS SHRUB
PROPOSED EVERGREEN SHRUB
Proposed natve seed area
PROPOSEDIAWN SEED AREA


# Common Stream Restoration Elements 



## Fabric Encapsulated Soil Lift (FESL)

Slope is excavated according to plans. Rock is placed at the toe of bank. Biodegradable fabric lifts are installed at overlapping levels perpendicular to the channel, then backfilled with soil and native material. Fabric is secured with dead stakes. Brush layers/living stakes are installed between lifts and at top of bank. Benefit: Bank stabilization by natural material methods, improved water quality-natural filter, vegetation provides habitat.

## Woody Habitat

Toe wood, installed at outside meander. Benefit:
Erosion protection, re-directing flows away from banks.
Dissipate energy, reduce flow velocity. Provides habitat.

## Log Riffle

Logs installed/partially buried to create grade control. Benefit: Dissipate energy, reduce flow velocity.

## Live Stakes

Live willow stakes planted in the streambanks. Benefit: Establish and root to create erosion control.

## Root Wad Installations

Tree trunks with root wads are installed into the streambank. Benefit: Dissipate energy and provide natural habitat and streambank erosion reduction.


## Hemlock Creek Stream Restoration

## PROJECT GOALS

Acquire properties along the stream channel and expand floodplain.

> Restore riparian habitat along Hemlock Creek.

Replace failing culverts at Forest Overlook and Donna Rae Drives.


## ANTICIPATED PROJECT TIMELINE

